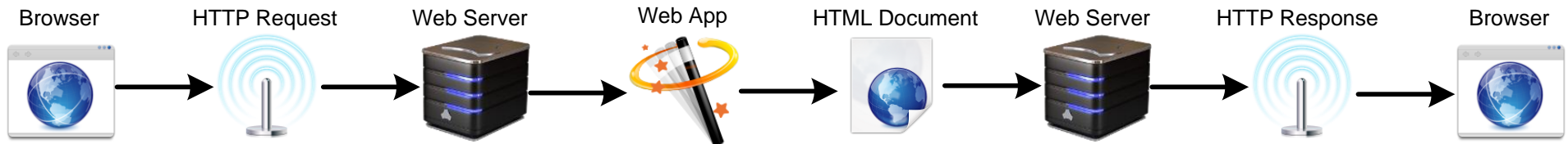


How The World Wide Web Works



1. Browser makes an HTTP request from form submission, hyperlinks, or directly typing a URL.
2. The HTTP request is sent to a web server.
3. The web server interprets the request and passes the request variables (if any) to the appropriate web application.
4. The web application takes in the request variables, performs some action, and generates an HTML document as its output.
5. The web server builds an HTTP response with the HTML document included and sends it back to the browser.
6. The browser renders the HTML document.

NOTE: All HTTP requests are treated as independent transactions. Cookies and sessions can be utilized to maintain persistent data across multiple requests.